Appln. No. 10/540,217

Amdt. dated October 26, 2010

Reply to Office action of July 26, 2010

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1-14. (canceled)

15. **(currently amended)** An apparatus for tracking moving objects in time-series pictures, comprising:

a storage device for storing the time-series pictures and a program;

and a processor coupled to the storage device, wherein the program make makes the processor read and process the time-series pictures to track the moving objects in the pictures, and by the processing, each picture is divided into blocks, each block consisting of a plurality of pixels, in a case where an object-identification code of moving object is assigned in a unit of block, and a motion vector of moving object is determined in a unit of block, and wherein object-identification codes of a plurality of moving objects on a picture at a time t1 has been determined, the program comprising enables the processor to perform the step-steps of:

determining each object-identification code and moving vector as approximate values of each of blocks on a picture at a time t2 on the basis of a first estimation function, and determining a value of a second estimation function using the approximate values;

determining each object-identification code and moving vector as a solution of each of the blocks on the basis of an approximately-optimum sum of the first

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and second estimation functions, wherein the approximately-optimum sum is obtained by changing the approximate values within a given range;

wherein the first estimation function has the sum of a sub-estimation function for determining a moving vector by block matching between a current block on the picture at the time t2 and a region on the picture at the time t1 and a sub-estimation function for determining an object-identification code of the current block on the basis of a count of pixels belonging to the same object-identification code within the region,

wherein the second estimation function includes respective absolute values of differences between the motion vector MV between the current block and the region and a motion vector of each of blocks around the current block, each of the blocks having the same object-identification code as that of the current block, and takes a more optimum value when the sum of the absolute values is smaller.

16.-43. (canceled)